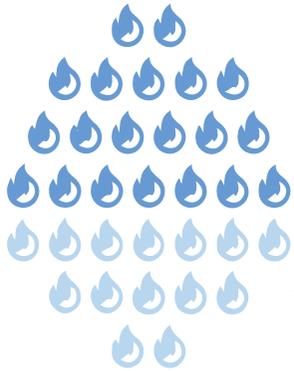
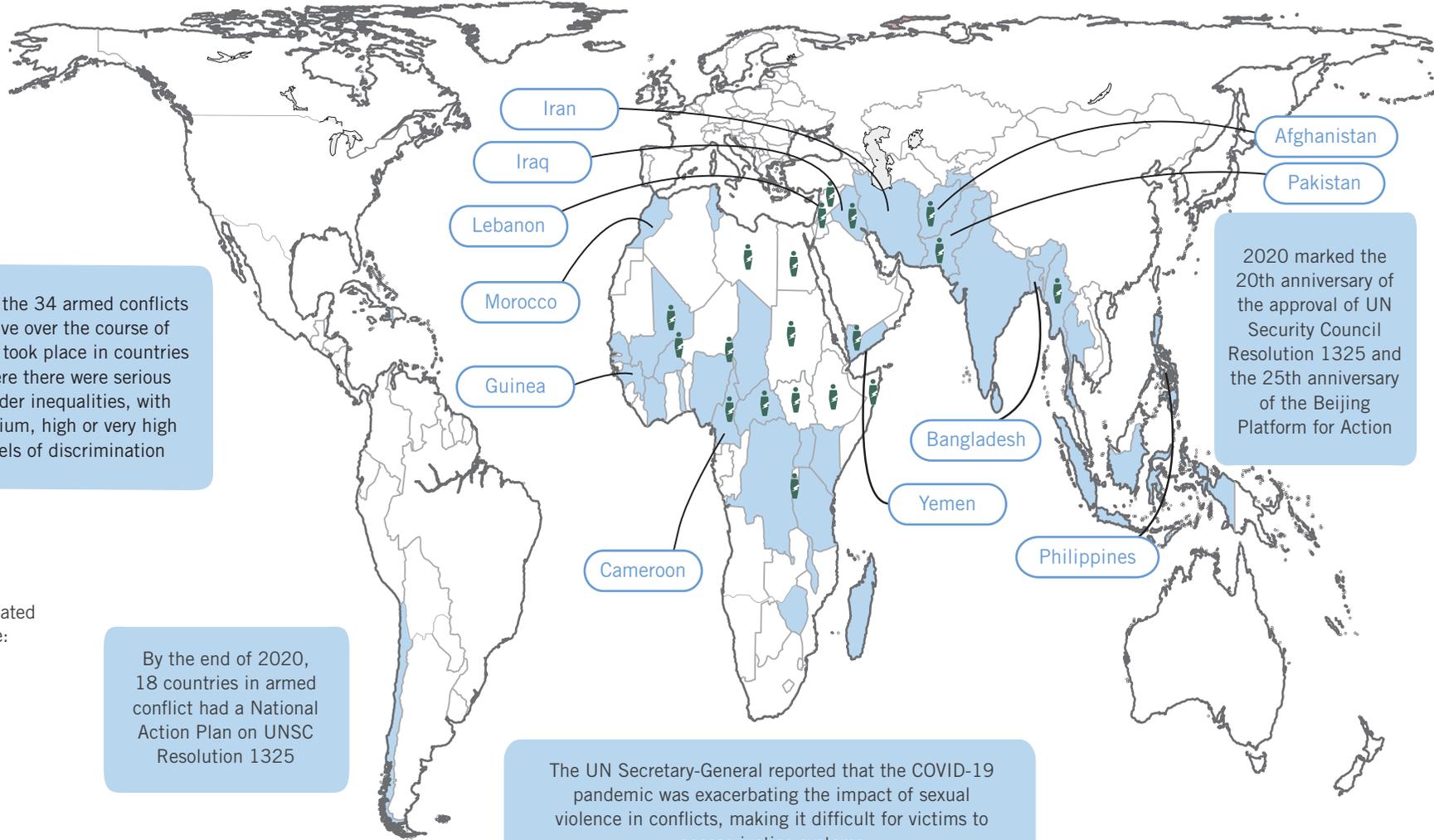


Gender, peace and security



20 of the 34 armed conflicts active over the course of 2020 took place in countries where there were serious gender inequalities, with medium, high or very high levels of discrimination



2020 marked the 20th anniversary of the approval of UN Security Council Resolution 1325 and the 25th anniversary of the Beijing Platform for Action

By the end of 2020, 18 countries in armed conflict had a National Action Plan on UNSC Resolution 1325

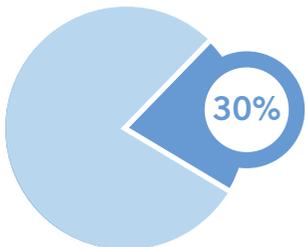
The UN Secretary-General reported that the COVID-19 pandemic was exacerbating the impact of sexual violence in conflicts, making it difficult for victims to access justice systems

Women's participation in peace processes

The UN Secretary-General annual report stated that between 1992 and 2019 women were:

- 13%** of the negotiators
- 6%** of the mediators
- 6%** of those who signed peace agreements

Seven out of 10 peace processes still did not include females mediating or signing an agreement



Only a third of the National Action Plans on UNSC Resolution 1325 included the issue of disarmament, in a context of a growing global military spending

Countries experiencing armed conflict and/or socio-political crisis in 2020 for which gender equality data was available and that took place in contexts with medium, high or very high levels of gender discrimination according to SIGI
 Countries experiencing armed conflict with armed actors who are suspected of sexual violence according to the United Nations